### V K DINESH & SENTHILRAJA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

# Input Service Distributor

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### Input Service Distributor (ISD) - Provisions and Challenges



Overview of ISD



Importance in GST framework



Objective of the presentation

#### ISD Registration

- Section Reference:
- ➤ *Section 2(61)*
- > Section 20
- Section 21
- > Rule 39
- > Rule 54
- > Circular 71/45/2018
- > GSTR 6

### Is it mandatory? A VERY BIG Yes!!!

Due to amendment in Section 20
Section 20(1) – ISD shall get registered under section 24 and shall distribute the credit

Section 20(2) – ISD shall distribute the credit (the word "MAY" is replaced by "SHALL")

#### Section 2(61) - Definition

- Means an office of the supplier of goods or services or both
- ☐ Which receives **tax invoices** towards the receipt of input services,
- ☐ Including invoices in respect of **services** liable to tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9,
- ☐ **For or on behalf** of distinct persons referred to in section 25,
- ☐ Liable to distribute the input tax credit in respect of such invoices in the manner provided in section 20;

### ISD Invoice and Credit / Debit Notes

- Rule 39: For the distribution of credit in respect of input services, attributable to one or more distinct persons, subject to levy of tax under sub-section (3) or (4) of section 9, a registered person, having the same PAN and State code as an Input Service Distributor, may issue an invoice or, as the case may be, a credit or debit note as per the provisions of sub-rule (1A) of rule 54 to transfer the credit of such common input services to the Input Service Distributor, and such credit shall be distributed by the said Input Service Distributor in the manner as provided in ISD invoices must clearly state ITC distribution
- **Credit Note**: Used for ITC reduction
- **Debit Note**: Used for additional ITC
- ► For Credit / Debit Notes : ITC should be apportioned in the same ratio as done for the original invoice

### What to and What not to distribute?







Allowed ITC:

GST charged under Forward Charge and GST paid under RCM Not Allowed:
Input goods & capital goods,
Cess (Section 20)

### Distribution Rules - Section 20(2)

- **Exclusive ITC:** To respective unit only
- **Multiple Recipients:** Pro-rata based on turnover during the relevant Period
- Formula:  $C1 = (t1/T) \times C$
- (C1 ITC Distributed; t1- Turnover of the respective unit; T Total turnover of all recipients to whom the ITC is distributed)
- Relevant Period: Preceding Financial Year or Last Available Quarter

### Tax Component Distribution

#### FOR CGST / SGST Component:

- Same State: CGST & SGST/UTGST
- **Different State:** As IGST

#### **IGST** Component:

Distributed as IGST

### Key Deadlines & Time Limits – Rule 39

ITC must be distributed within the same month

No quarterly, half-yearly, or annual distribution allowed

### Consequences of Non-Compliance

- ► **Section 21:** ISD distributes the credit in contravention of section 20 Excess credit shall be recovered along with Interest and Provisions of section 73,74 shall apply.
- Reference to Circular 71/45/2018-GST
- Penalty:
- Section 122 (₹10,000 or equivalent ITC)

#### Services Covered - ISD & Cross Charge

- **Externally Generated Services:** ISD
- Internally Generated Services: Cross Charge (ISD not applicable)
- What is Cross Charge?
- A **cross charge** refers to the internal allocation of costs for services provided by one unit of an organization to another unit within the same legal entity but operating under different GST registrations (distinct persons).

### Differences b/w ISD & Cross Charge

#### 1. Externally Procured vs Internally Generated Services:

- 1. ISD: Distributes ITC only for externally procured input services.
- **2. Cross Charge**: Used for internally generated services (e.g., HR, IT, admin services provided by the head office to branch offices).

#### 2. Applicability of GST:

- 1. ISD: No GST liability, only ITC distribution.
- **2. Cross Charge**: GST is applicable on taxable services provided between distinct GST-registered units.

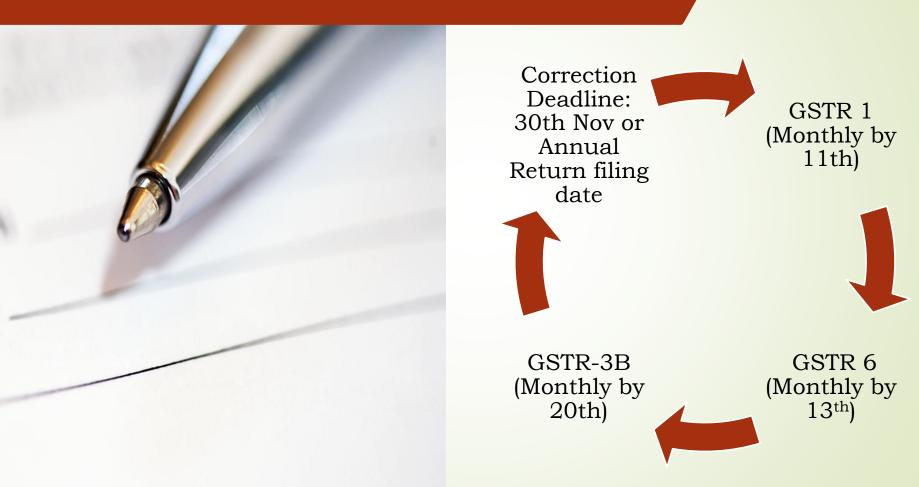
#### 3. Taxability:

- 1. ISD: Merely distributes credit; does not involve service supply.
- **2. Cross Charge**: Considered as a supply of services under GST and attracts tax.

#### 4. Invoice Issuance:

- 1. ISD: Uses ISD invoices specifically for ITC distribution.
- 2. Cross Charge: Issues tax invoices charging applicable GST.

### ISD Returns & Compliance



### Compliance Strategy & Challenges for Businesses

- Compliance Strategy:
- Analyze ISD applicability
- Register as ISD if required
- ► Implement ITC distribution framework
- File ISD returns timely
- Challenges:
- ITC misallocation risks
- Compliance burden
- IT system readiness
- Handling inter-state credit distribution

## THANK YOU!!

